# Music Whole School Overview

Content Area	KS1 Objectives	Progression of Skills and Knowledge			KS2 Objectives	Progression of Skills and Knowledge			
		EYFS	Y1	Y2	KS2 Objectives	Y3	¥4	Y5	68
Perform	use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes		<ul> <li>To use their voices to speak/sing/chant</li> <li>To join in with singing</li> <li>To use instruments to perform</li> <li>To look at their audience when they are performing</li> <li>To clap short rhythmic patterns</li> <li>To copy sounds</li> </ul>	To sing and follow the melody (tune) To sing accurately at a given pitch To perform simple patterns and accompaniments keeping a steady pulse To perform with others To play simple rhythmic patterns on an instrument To sing/ clap a pulse increasing or decreasing in tempo	play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression	To sing in tune with expression To control their voice when singing To play clear notes on instruments	To perform a simple part rhythmically To sing songs from memory with accurate pitch To improvise using repeated patterns	To breath in the correct place when singing To sing and use their understanding of meaning to add expression To maintain their part whilst others are performing their part To perform 'by ear' and from simple notations To improvise within a group using melodic and rhythmic phrases To recognise and use basic structural forms e.g. rounds, variations, rondo form	To sing a harmony part confidently and accurately To perform parts from memory To perform using notations To take the lead in a performance To take on a solo part To provide rhythmic support
Perform	play tuned and untuned instruments musically		<ul> <li>To use their voices to speak/sing/chant</li> <li>To join in with singing</li> <li>To use instruments to perform</li> <li>To look at their audience when they are performing</li> <li>To clap short rhythmic patterns</li> <li>To copy sounds</li> </ul>	To sing and follow the melody (tune) To sing accurately at a given pitch To perform simple patterns and accompaniments keeping a steady pulse To perform with others To play simple rhythmic patterns on an instrument To sing/ clap a pulse increasing or decreasing in tempo	improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music	To use different elements in their composition I To create repeated patterns with different instruments I To compose melodies and songs I To create accompaniments for tunes I To combine different sounds to create a specific mood or feeling	To use notations to record and interpret sequences of pitches To use standard notation To use notations to record compositions in a small group or on their own To use their notation in their performance	To maintain their part whilst others are performing their part To perform 'by ear' and from simple notations To improvise within a group using melodic and rhythmic phrases To recognise and use basic structural forms e.g. rounds, variations, rondo form	To perform parts from memory To perform using notations To take the lead in a performance To take on a solo part To provide rhythmic support
Appraise	listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music		To respond to different moods in music To say how a piece of music makes them feel To say whether they like or dislike a piece of music To choose sounds to represent different things To recognise repeated patterns To follow instructions about when to play or sing	To improve their own work I To listen out for particular things when listening to music	listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory	To improve their work explaining how it has improved ID to use musical words (the elements of music) to describe a piece of music and compositions ID To use musical words to describe what they like and dislike ID To recognise the work of at least one famous composer	To explain the place of silence and say what effect it has To start to identify the character of a piece of music To describe and identify the different purposes of music To begin to identify with the style of work of Beethoven, Mozart and Elgar	To describe, compare and evaluate music using musical vocabulary To explain why they think their music is successful or unsuccessful To suggest improvements to their own or others' work To choose the most appropriate tempo for a piece of music To contrast the work of famous composers and show preferences	To be able to refine and improve their work To be able to evaluate how the venue, occasion and purpose affects the way a piece of music is created To be able to analyse features within different pieces of music



## Music Whole School Overview

Music \	Whole Schoo	ol Overview							Hatchell Wood
Compose	experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter- related dimensions of music.		<ul> <li>To make different sounds with their voice</li> <li>To make different sounds with instruments</li> <li>To identify changes in sounds</li> <li>To change the sound</li> <li>To change the sound</li> <li>To repeat (short rhythmic and melodic) patterns</li> <li>To make a sequence of sounds</li> <li>To show sounds by using pictures</li> </ul>	To order sounds to create a beginning, middle and end D To create music in response to <different starting points&gt; To choose sounds which create an effect To use symbols to represent sounds To make connections between notations and musical sounds</different 	use and understand staff and other musical notations	To use different elements in their composition	To use standard notation To use notations to record compositions in a small group or on their own	To use their notations to record groups of pitches (chords) To use a music diary to record aspects of the composition process To choose the most appropriate tempos for a piece of music	To recognise that different forms of notation serve different purposes I To use different forms of notation
Appraise					appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians	<ul> <li>To use musical words (the elements of music) to describe a piece of music and compositions</li> <li>To use musical words to describe what they like and dislike</li> </ul>	To describe and identify the different purposes of music ☑ To being to identify with the style of work of Beethoven, Mozart and Elgar	To describe, compare and evaluate music using musical vocabulary To explain why they think their music is successful or unsuccessful To suggest improvements to their own or others' work To choose the most appropriate tempo for a piece of music To contrast the work of famous composers and show preferences	To be able to refine and improve their work To be able to evaluate how the venue, occasion and purpose affects the way a piece of music is created To be able to analyse features within different pieces of music To be able to compare and contrast the impact that different composers from different times will have had on the people of the time.
Appraise					develop an understanding of the history of music.	☑ To recognise the work of at least one famous composer	To begin to identify with the style of work of Beethoven, Mozart and Elgar	To contrast the work of famous composers and show preferences	To be able to compare and contrast the impact that different composers from different times will have had on the people of the time.

### Music Whole School Overview

#### The Interrelated Dimensions of Music

Progression through Charanga Musical School

Progression throughout the Units of Work reinforces the interrelated dimensions of music. With each new song, always start again with the foundation of pulse, then rhythm, then pitch, adding new dimensions as you progress.

This represents an ever increasing spiral of musical learning.

MUSICAL SCHOOL



